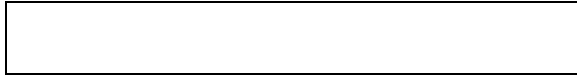
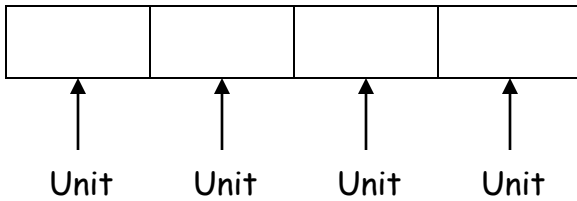


Model Drawing



This is called a *unit bar*.



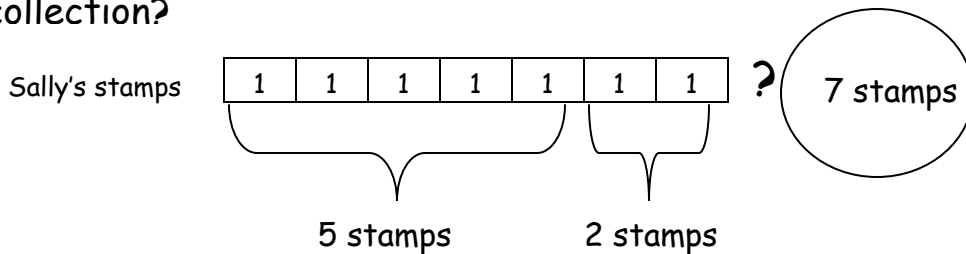
This is a unit bar broken into *units*.

Checklist

- ✓ Unit bar
- ✓ Labeled unit bar
- ✓ Unit bar broken into units
- ✓ Units labeled
- ✓ Question mark for unknown
- ✓ Algorithm
- ✓ Answer replacing question mark
- ✓ Answer in complete sentence

Example 1:

Sally has five stamps in her collection. Her father gives her two more stamps. How many stamps does Sally now have in her collection?



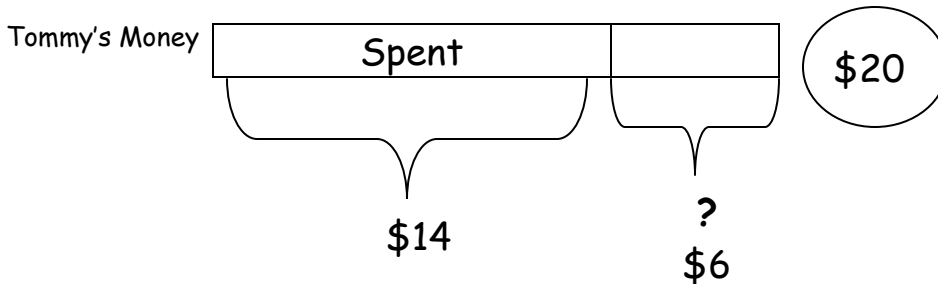
Algorithm:
5 stamps
+ 2 stamps

7 stamps

Sally now has 7 stamps in her collection.

Example 2

Tommy went to the store with \$20. He spent \$14 on a CD of his favorite band. How much money did Tommy have left over?



Algorithm:

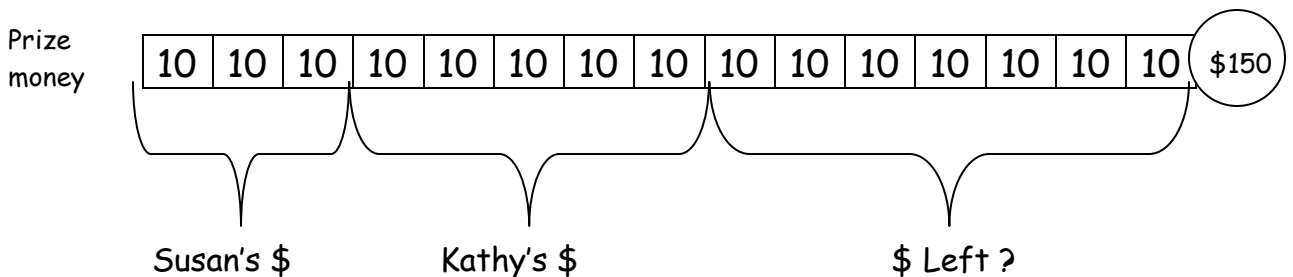
$$\begin{array}{r} \$20 \\ - \$14 \\ \hline \$6 \end{array}$$

Tommy has \$6 left after buying the CD.

Example 3

Susan and Kathy won a contest. Susan gets $\frac{1}{5}$ of the money won.

Kathy gets $\frac{1}{3}$ of the money won. If the total prize was \$150, how much money was left over?



Algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{l} 15 \text{ units} = \$150 \\ 1 \text{ unit} = \$10 \\ 7 \text{ units} = \$70 \end{array}$$

We know that we must find a common denominator between Susan and Kathy to solve this problem. So:

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{15} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

There is \$70 left from the prize money.